

## SHORT LOCALS

Boys 25c; butter 24c.  
Mr. J. S. Clawson of Centerburg was a business visitor in the city Monday.

Business removed by Hanford's Balsam.

Mr. Allen McBride of Centerburg spent Sunday with friends in Mt. Vernon.

Mr. Lester Dutt returned Saturday evening from a week's visit in Pittsburgh, Pa.

Miss Hazel Parrish has returned from a two weeks' visit with friends in Columbus.

Miss Stella Eiler of Newark is the guest of Misses Hazel and Florence Parrish this week.

Dr. Charles Steinhoff of this city spent Sunday with his brother, Mr. W. S. Steinhoff of Columbus.

Mr. Walter Strow of Cleveland visited over Sunday with friends in Mt. Vernon.

Mr. Vincent Montgomery of Utica visited over Sunday with relatives in the city.

Miss Katherine Corcoran of Columbus returned to her home Sunday after a visit with friends in Mt. Vernon.

Mr. Alfred Mill made a business trip Monday morning to Danville and Greensville.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Seaman of 606 East Vine street are moving to Lorain where Mr. Seaman is employed in the steel works.

Misses Tilda and Leona Miller of West Gambler street went to Anderson, Indiana, Monday to make an extended visit with relatives.

Mr. S. H. Criss of East Gambler street left Monday morning on a two weeks' trip to Atlantic City and other points in the east.

Professor John S. Alan, former superintendent of schools of Mt. Vernon, went to Salem, Ohio, Monday morning to assume the superintendency of the Salem schools.

Mrs. Robert Franklin of South Vernon will leave Monday night for Monaca City, Pa., where she will make a two weeks' visit with relatives.

Mrs. Robert Champion has returned to her home in Mt. Vernon after a three weeks' visit with relatives and friends in Youngstown, Pittsburgh and points in West Virginia.

Mr. Arthur C. Paynter, who has been spending several months in Waycross, Georgia, returned to Mt. Vernon on Sunday evening and will locate here for the present.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Camp and Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Camp returned to their homes in Massillon Sunday evening after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Mill of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Baltzell and daughter, Miss Hazel, and Mr. Clarence Engel of this city left Monday morning on a month's trip to New York, New Haven and various points in the east.

Mrs. James Reddix of East Gambler street has received word that she won a summer home at Breeze Lake, near Alpine, Mich., given by the Michigan Realty Co. in a recent contest conducted by the latter company.

The Lyman-Carey Co. building in Indianapolis, Indiana, was destroyed by fire Saturday night, entailing a loss of over \$200,000. The property destroyed belonged to the James B. Sull estate in which Mr. Shannon A. Sull of this city is interested.

Ivers and Pond, the best piano on earth for sale at George W. Sharp's piano parlor, No. 9 North Mulberry street.

John Stagg, who had his left eye-ball burst in an accident at Reeves Engine Works Friday, underwent an operation at the Mt. Vernon hospital Saturday morning. The eye-ball was removed.

Mr. Charles Miller and Miss Marguerite Wells who have been the guests of Mrs. Susie Ackerman of 204 North Chester street, left for Columbus, Saturday. They have also been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Amos Swisher of Sandusky street. Mrs. Swisher, to the regret of her friends, has been under the care of a physician for the last week. Mr. and Mrs. Swisher and Miss Ackerman expect to take a trip in the Swisher auto to Chillicothe soon to spend a week with Miss Wells.

Mr. and Mrs. Darrell Parker and son, Jesse Vance, and Miss Aletha Wintinger left today for Warsaw and Cochocton to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry M. Darling and children left for Lima today to spend several days with Mr. Darling's parents.

New Home, Domestic and Ruby sewing machines sold on easy payments at George W. Sharp's piano parlor, 9 North Mulberry street. -S-9

Mrs. Frank C. Hall returned to her home in Alliance, Ohio, Saturday after a two weeks' visit with relatives in Mt. Vernon.

Mrs. James F. Leo was removed from the Mt. Vernon hospital to her home on North Main street Saturday. She recently underwent an operation.

Mr. C. B. Scott of Danville visited with friends in Mt. Vernon Saturday. Keep Hanford's Balsam in your home.

Mrs. Ellen Pruner, who has been a patient at the Mt. Vernon Hospital, has returned home.

For poisoned wounds use Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh.

Miss Alice Harry of Fredericktown is visiting for a week with her aunt, Miss Alta Bumpus of Shelby.

Mr. George McKee of Beaumont, Texas, was a visitor in the city Friday and Saturday.

Mr. Royal B. Hays of Studley, Kansas, is making a several days' visit in Mt. Vernon.

Mrs. C. G. McAfee of Wooster, O., is the guest of Mrs. Frank L. Young, North Main street.

## SENATE WILL PASS THE CURRENCY BILL

## Leaders Bent On Carrying Out the Wilson Program.

Washington, July 21.—With debate on the tariff bill now under way in the senate, leaders are making plans for the consideration of the administration banking and currency bill. It is the purpose of the leaders to pass the banking bill in the house just about the time a vote is taken on the tariff bill in the senate. Then it is hoped that the senate will buckle down to the consideration of banking reform, while the tariff bill is being whipped into shape in conference.

While the attitude of the senate toward the banking bill has not been defined, President Wilson and his advisers appear to be confident that the senate can be induced to sit long enough to pass the banking bill. This means a session that will run well into the fall, but all concerned seem to be bent on carrying out the administration program.

**Silk Skirt Girl Arrested.**  
Lima, O., July 21.—No longer will Lima women be permitted to stroll the streets attired in silhouette and silk skirt gowns, and transparent dresses also have received rebuke in an order issued by Police Chief Earnest, following the arrest of Miss Mary Lindsay, 25, for alleged indecent exposure.

**Ohio Widow's Suit.**  
Pittsburg, Pa., July 21.—Alleging that he failed to carry out his promise to marry her, Mrs. Anne E. Davis, beautiful widow of Joseph Davis, a prominent iron manufacturer in East Liverpool, O., entered suit demanding \$25,000 damages from William Y. Stroh, vice president of a steel plant.

**A Marsh Critic.**  
"That," said the futurist, pointing proudly to the canvas which he had just finished, "is my attempt to interpret the infinite."

"What did the infinite ever do to you?" asked the innocent bystander.

**Bohemian's Rocky Maze.**  
The Rocky maze of Prachov, near Jach, in northern Bohemia, is a veritable natural curiosity. It has been well described as a gigantic "freak in stone." To enter the labyrinth without a guide is a perilous proceeding, for an unwary adventurer would probably speedily be lost in the tortuous windings of the maze, where the paths are so narrow and crooked and the cliffs on the side so high that the explorer soon loses all idea of locality. In days of fiery persecution the Moravian and Bohemian brethren's secret prayer meetings used to be held here, just as the early Christians assembled to worship in the catacombs. The cliffs are honeycombed with cells, and at the far end of the maze is a rock castle, where in the old days a robber baron lived and took toll of all wayfarers. The shape of some of the rocks is very curious. There are, for instance, the "bishop and mitre," the "Maddonna and the child," and many others.—London Sketch.

**Police Arrest Two**  
Jerry Smith of North Norton street sent a call to the police Saturday evening asking them to come to his home and quell a disturbance. The police went and on arriving found Smith and Warner Bostrick in a condition greatly the worse from drinking liquor. Both men were taken to jail. On Sunday it was discovered that Smith was not at all to blame for the disturbance on Norton street and he was released. A charge of intoxication was filed against Bostrick.

**Not Like Real Life.**  
"I like novels."  
"Why?"  
"Although the plot may thicken, the heroine always remains beautifully thin."—Washington Herald.

**Revolutionary.**  
"Miss De Funk insists that she is a daughter of the revolution."  
"Why so?"  
"Her dad is a grindstone maker."—Indianapolis Star.

**Summer Colds**  
rapidly reduce human strength and illness is easily contracted, but Scott's Emulsion will promptly relieve the cold and rebuild your strength to prevent sickness.

SCOTT'S BOWNE  
BLOOMFIELD, N. J. 12-22

## MOTHER-OF-PEARL

Diffraction Grating Causes its Beautiful Iridescence.

The apparent color of mother-of-pearl was for a long time somewhat of a puzzle to scientists. Later it was found that the surface of mother-of-pearl consisted of fine striations or ridges, with, of course, little hollows between. This explained everything, for it was then to the scientists nothing more or less than an ordinary diffraction grating. To prove it still further an impression of the surface was taken in black wax, and the wax itself exhibited the beautiful display of color shown in the original mother-of-pearl surface. The color is not due to pigment, but to the cancellation in part of the light falling on the surface.

To understand this better it will be well to explain a diffraction grating. It consists of a piece of plate glass upon which are engraved many parallel lines. Rowland has been able to scratch lines on a glass so that there are 20,000 to the inch and the distances from one to the other do not vary by one-millionth of that distance in the 20,000.

As white light, or sunlight, consists of every color known and as light travels in waves, at certain places if light is coming from several different directions very close to one another some of these waves will meet in what are known as opposite phases and will blot one another out, and the only remaining color will be the white.

It can be easily seen what is meant by opposing phases from a consideration of waves on the seashore. If the top of a big wave meets a trough of another they cancel, and no wave at all is the result. The same takes place in light phenomena. Light consists of an ether wave, similar to wireless waves, only much shorter, and if its wave is destroyed none of that light can be seen by the eye.

Colors of silk are due in the main to the same thing as mother-of-pearl, especially soft silk. It, as with the pearl, can be perfectly reproduced.—New York Tribune.

## EGGS FRIED ON ICE.

By the Use of a Peculiar but Simple Principle of Electricity.

Frying eggs on ice is entirely feasible, as was demonstrated at a recent electrical exhibition given by the University of Illinois. The eggs were placed in an ordinary frying pan, and the frying pan was placed on a pile of cracked ice on a kitchen table. Eggs were fried nicely, though it took longer than when a stove is used. No wires were in sight. The frying pan had no electrical connections and could be taken up and replaced at will.

Under the table was the secret, an electromagnet. Even with the secret divulged, the trick was wonderful enough, for between the frying pan and the magnet was a pile of ice and the board table top, neither of which was affected excepting by the heat sent down from the frying pan.

A peculiar but simple principle of electricity was used. An electromagnet, as is generally known, is a horseshoe shaped bar of iron, with coils of wire wound round each arm of the horseshoe.

When a current of electricity is sent through the coils of wire the horseshoe becomes a magnet and will attract and firmly grip any bit of iron placed near the ends of the arms or poles. This applies to a direct current of electricity. If, however, an alternating current of electricity is sent through the coils any iron near the magnet poles is heated by what are called "eddy currents."

In the egg frying trick the magnet was placed under the table, and an alternating current was sent through the coils.—Saturday Evening Post.

**Advice to a Husband.**  
Don't kick because you have to button your wife's waist. Be glad your wife has a waist and doubly glad you have a wife to button a waist for.

Some men's wives have no waists to button. Some men's wives' waists have no buttons on to button. Some men's wives' waists which have buttons on to button don't care a button whether they are buttoned or not. Some men don't have any wives with buttons on to button.—Ladies' Home Journal.

**Caustic John Bright.**  
Many stories were told about John Bright's caustic repartees in private life. This story, says the British Weekly, is true:

"I should like to come back to this world in fifty years to see what changes have happened in England," said a gentleman to Mr. Bright.  
"My good sir," replied Mr. Bright, "if you don't mend your ways you may be glad of any excuse to come back."

**Strict Economy.**  
"Nothing is lost here but the squeal," declared the pork packer. "Are you as economical in conducting your business?"

"More so," answered the visitor, "I'm in the lumber business. We don't waste even the bark."—Philadelphia Ledger.

**Not Like Real Life.**  
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## A Detective Story

By ALBERT KENYON

What makes the detective business so fascinating is that it is a perpetual puzzle. Then there are so many ingenious methods of perpetrating swindles and concealing all kinds of crime. A detective never knows when he is going to light on a new and ingenious device.

But it is not in such cases that I, now twenty years a detective, have found the keenest relief. The murderer is not in a condition of mind to think out a problem coolly. He is in an abnormal condition. For my part I could never understand how any one could commit a crime the discovery of which would bring a dreadful punishment. Nevertheless criminals often work out very intricate problems.

It is when two or three persons above the average in the social scale and in education conspire together that the most ingenious devices develop. Perhaps this is because each gives the other courage. That is what makes hunting down a gang of counterfeiters so interesting. They are usually intelligent men and work together. Yet there is one thing they all lose sight of or disregard—the fact that they are always caught in the end.

The most interesting surprise I ever encountered was in unearthing one of these counterfeiting gangs. I say surprise, for it was no credit to me that I made the discovery. Indeed, had I not made a criminal of myself I should never have got on to them. I was put on the case in this way: Some counterfeit twenty dollar bills were being put into circulation. They seemed to come to the surface in a small town in Kansas and drift eastward. At any rate, one of them was traced to this place, and I was sent out there to investigate. There is always a difference in towns, some being inhabited in the main by good, religious people, others being notoriously bad. N., the point where the counterfeit bill came from, was neither good nor bad, but not long before my arrival a party had begun to assemble every evening to play poker. The game or series of games had been started by two or three men who had recently come to the town, and a number of citizens had gradually come to take a part in the proceedings. They were played in the room sometimes of one, sometimes of another, member of the party.

I went into the town ostensibly to buy cattle. A day or two after my arrival I was informed by a man whose acquaintance I had made that there was a poker party in a room upstairs. He said he was going up to look on, and I told him I would go with him if he would introduce me. The truth is I have suffered all through my life from the gambling passion. Having a fortune, I lost it, and that was what threw me into the detective business. I should not have gone to watch this game for I ran a great risk of being drawn into it.

I found a party of good fellows, who received me cordially, and it was not long before I called for some chips. I soon lost what good money I had about me and to recoup yielded to a temptation to use a counterfeit bill that I had brought with me for a sample. The moment I laid it on the table I saw two of the players give each other a meaning look; then both turned their eyes on me. A cold chill ran down my back, for it looked as if I were detected on the spot. But my business had schooled me in concealing my feelings, and I returned the men's glances with a blank stare. Doubtless it was this that caused one of them to make a mistake. He gave me a crafty look. I returned it with one equally crafty.

I had no idea what this meant. I happened to win the bill I had put up and something besides. Then caution got the better of my passion, and I played only so long as I could play on what I had won. I saw the men who had noticed the bill go on the table watching me. Evidently I didn't fill the bill of what they had expected of me, for I got no more confidential glances. One thing I noticed—several twenty dollar bills came out from those men on the same bank as the one I had used for a stake and passed into the hands of other players. One of them felt to me. The man who had given me the meaning glance at once asked me for it, offering four "fives" for it. But I told him I would rather keep it. However, knowing some game was going on other than the open one on the table, I gave it to him. This seemed to allay a slight suspicion of me that had come to him.

It was the producing of these twenty dollar bills, all on the same bank, and their passing into the hands of others that gave me an explanation of the mystery. Counterfeiters were using the game to shove the spurious money on to such citizens of the place as were drawn into their poker game. Immediately I put out all the bills I had brought with me as samples, and this won me the confidence of the counterfeiters. Nevertheless they seemed puzzled, and I determined to act at once. I always go about armed, and drawing a brace of pistols, I covered the two men I suspected and said: "You are under arrest."

There was the usual pretended astonishment, but I held them to their seats and directed a waiter who had just brought in some drinks to tell the landlord to summon the police. He did so, and within half an hour I landed my men in jail.

## UNCLAIMED MAIL

To avoid delay in delivery have your mail addressed to street and number, P. O. box or general delivery. The following letters remain unclaimed in the Mt. Vernon postoffice:

Dunn, D. G.  
Harris, Miss Dorothy  
Frost, Miss Maybelle  
Kenney, Miss Kate  
McClintock, Mrs. Belle  
Advised July 21.  
McNiel, Mrs. Walter  
Marchant, Mr. (Grocer)  
Mouery, Mrs. Curtis  
Rickett, Ira M.  
Russell and King  
Salven, Paul  
Smith, Delphos  
Taylor, Mrs. Lorena  
FOREIGN  
Lambert, Fernand

S. G. Dowds, P. M.

## LABOR LEADERS MEET

BY THE SEA

Atlantic City, N. J., July 21.—Members of the executive council and other officials and prominent members of the American Federation of Labor rounded up in Atlantic City today and will spend the greater part of the week considering the interests of organized labor in relation to the alleged disclosures of Col. Martin H. Mulhall in the lobby investigation in Washington. A number of other matters of business are to come before the meeting, which is the first that the executive council has held since January, several of the regular meetings having been postponed because of the illness of President Gompers. The arrangements for the next annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, to be held in Seattle next November, will be discussed at the meeting.

## THE OLD BATES HOUSE.

A Hotel That Once Startled Indianapolis With Its Innovations.

I remember that when Indianapolis became a great railroad center and a city of enormous proportions—population from 15,000 to 20,000, according to the creative capacity of the imagination making the estimate—a wonderful hotel was built there and called the Bates House.

Its splendors were the subject of wondering comment throughout the west. It had washstands with decorated pottery on them in all its more expensive rooms so that a guest sojourning there need not go down to the common washroom for his morning ablution and dry his hands and face on a jack towel.

There were combs and brushes in the rooms, too, so that if one wanted to smooth his hair he was not obliged to resort to the appliances of that sort that were hung by chains to the washroom walls.

Moreover, if a man going to the Bates House for a sojourn chose to pay a trifle extra he might have a room all to himself.

But all these subjects of wonderment shrink to nothingness by comparison when the proprietors of the Bates House printed on their breakfast bills of fare an announcement that thereafter each guest's breakfast would be cooked after his order for it was given, together with an appeal for patience on the part of the breakfasters—a patience that the proprietors promised to reward with hot and freshly prepared dishes.

This innovation was so radical that it excited discussion hotter even than the Bates House breakfasts. Opinions differed as to the right of a hotel keeper to make his guests wait for the cooking of their breakfasts. To some minds the thing presented itself as an invasion of personal liberty and therefore of the constitutional rights of the citizen.—Edward Eggleston's "Recollections."

## Good Fellowship.

Biggs—You should join our club, old man, if only for the good fellowship of the thing. Miggs—I intend to Brown, one of your members, took my name only last week. Hasn't he said anything about it? Biggs—No; we don't speak to each other.—Boston Transcript.

## Left Handed Stone Slingers.

The right hand don't know something of its prominence to the Bible. The Hebrews singled it out for special honor, and the Scriptures contain quite a hundred references in which "the right hand" is made the type and symbol of everything noble, praiseworthy and desirable. It is worth noting, however, that the tribe of Benjamin once boasted 700 left handed slingers who "could sling stones to a hair's breadth and not miss" and that among the "mighty men and helpers" of King David were many who "could use both the right hand and the left in hurling stones and shooting arrows with the bow."—London Standard.

## Plain and Painful Talk.

During a senatorial investigation one time Senator Clapp experienced great difficulty in getting some information from a nervous witness.

"Now," said the senator somewhat sharply, "out with it, my man; out with it!"

"If the committee will excuse me," said the lawyer representing the witness, "I do not like the term 'Out with it!' This is not the office of a dentist."—Popular Magazine.

## Great Profit Sacrifice Sale

of The Young America Clothing House

Is Now in Full Blast

Every article in the store to be sold at reduced prices. Must have room for the on-coming Fall merchandise.

## Reduced Prices on all Men's Fancy Suits

\$ 8.00 Suit will be sold at.....	\$ 5.99
\$10.00 Suit will be sold at.....	\$ 7.49
\$12.00 Suit will be sold at.....	\$ 8.99
\$15.00 Suit will be sold at.....	\$11.25
\$16.50 Suit will be sold at.....	\$12.38
\$18.00 Suit will be sold at.....	\$13.48
\$20.00 Suit will be sold at.....	\$14.98
\$25.00 Suit will be sold at.....	\$16.75

Remember these prices are on regular stock—we do not buy so-called "Sale Specials" to dispose of at good profits under the pretense of good prices.

25% off the regular price of all Boys' Suits, plain or Norfolk Coats, with Knickerbocker Pants.

15% OFF on RAIN COATS, TRUNKS AND VALISES.

25% OFF on MEN'S AND BOYS' TROUSERS.

ALL BLUE SERGE SUITS SOLD AT 20% DISCOUNT

20% OFF on all SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, FURNISHING GOODS, OVERALLS AND WORK SHIRTS; excepting linen collars.

25% OFF on all HATS and CAPS.

OUR SPECIAL LOT OF CAPS, silk lined, 50c values for 25c

ALL SALE PRICES ARE FOR CASH—NO GOODS WILL BE CHARGED AT SALE PRICES

DON'T FORGET THE BIG STORE ON THE CORNER.

Young America Clothing House

I. Rosenthal, Prop.

Corner Main and Vine Sts.

Mt. Vernon, O.

## MEN'S DEMANDS HAVE THE CALL

Wage Question Will Be Arbitrated First By Mediation Board.

## RAILROAD GRIEVANCES NEXT

Conference Being Held in New York Between Members of the Board and Representatives of the Roads and Employees—Latter Unalterably Opposed to Simultaneous Arbitration. Amicable Adjustment Anticipated.

New York, July 21.—An agreement to arbitrate first the wage and other demands of the trainmen and conductors against the eastern railroads and then to take up the roads' grievances against the men, is the probable outcome of a conference between members of the mediation board created by the Newlands act and representatives of the employees and of the railroads.

Judge William L. Chambers and O. W. W. Hanger, the two members of the board already confirmed by the senate, met here today, and the conference began at once.

The board will frame a stipulation, acceptable to both sides, of the questions to be arbitrated. The employees claim that only their demands, which have been the subject of negotiations for months, shall be taken before the mediation board. The railroads, on the other hand, have presented demands for changes in existing agreements with their employees in affairs outside the sphere of the present controversy as subjects for arbitration.

A. B. Garretson and W. G. Lee, the heads respectively of the conductors' and trainmen's organizations, have declared the men will not agree to simultaneous arbitration of the men's and the roads' demands, announcing that should the roads persist in their declared intention of pressing their grievances at this time, the strike, recently authorized by vote of the employees, would be called at once.

In view of the determined attitude of the men, belief exists that the mediators will recommend an amendment to take up first the men's demands and after these have been decided by the arbitral body to be selected to give the railroads their day in court, as it were, and settle this dispute in a separate arbitration.

What the Patent Home Will Be.  
The number of patents issued last year was greatly in excess of all other years. And yet nobody in all inventive America has patented a home. We must all live. The old home is now a beck number. It is bound in time to be succeeded by the patent home. Hasten the day. The patent home will have all its beds made up automatically. It will cook its own meals, keep itself dusted, decorated and disinfected. It will heat the baby's milk at all hours of the night and will be servient. All the pictures will be changed at regular intervals; and new furniture will automatically replace the old. Family prayers will be provided by phonograph, and births, weddings and funerals will be covered by pressing a button.—Life.

## Transmitting Electricity.

When an electric current flows through a conductor it is not sent or pushed through, like a fluid in a pipe, but is rather handed on from particle to particle. In other words, it is a transfer of electrical energy which can be illustrated by setting up a row of rubber balls tangent to each other. Now, if we strike these balls at one end the energy will be transferred from ball to ball and can be utilized at the other. Here we had no actual flow, and yet the energy was transferred from one end to the other.

The basic units which we use are the unit of the rate of flow, or ampere; the unit of electrical pressure, or volt; and the unit of resistance to flow, or the ohm.